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Bi-monthly Newsletter of Horwath Choongjung LLC

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(You may find this newsletter and other items of interest at http://www.crowehorwath.co.kr)

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comments.

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Amendment of Tax Treaty

Amendment of the Korea-Luxembourg Tax Treaty

The amended protocol of the Korea-Luxembourg Tax Treaty became effective from September 4, 2013 and the main revisions are as follows.

Protocol	Old provision	Amended provision
■ Korean Taxes	Income tax	Income tax
Covered	Corporate tax	Corporate tax
(Article 1)	Inhabitant tax	Special tax for rural
		development
		Local income tax
Dividends	• 15%	• 15%
(Article 4)	[10% if the beneficial owner is a	[10% if the beneficial owner is a
	company (other than a	company (other than a
	partnership) which holds directly	partnership) which holds directly
	at least 25% of the capital of the	at least 10% of the capital of the
	company paying dividends]	company paying dividends]
■ Interest	• 10%	• 10%
(Article 5)		[5% if the interest is paid to a
		bank]
■ Royalties	• 15%	• 10%
(Article 6)	[10% if the royalties are paid for	[5% if the royalties are paid for
	the use of, or the right to use	the use of, or the right to use
	industrial, commercial, or	industrial, commercial, or
	scientific equipment, or for	scientific equipment, or for
	information concerning industrial,	information concerning industrial,
	commercial or scientific	commercial or scientific
	experience]	experience]
(Article 11)	Article 28 (Exclusion of certain	• (Deleted)
	companies) of the Convention:	
	This Convention shall not apply	
	to holding companies (societies	
	holding) within the meaning of	
	special Luxembourg laws.	
(Article 12)	• (Added)	Nothing in the Convention shall
		be construed as restricting, in
		any manner, the application of
		any provisions of the laws of a
		Contracting State which are
		designed to prevent avoidance
		or evasion of taxes.

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2013 Tax Law Changes -Updates

We summarize some of the additional tax law changes to keep you updated as follows.

1. Expanded selection of useful life for depreciation of fixed assets purchased by small and medium-sized corporations ("SMC")

(Article 28 of the Presidential Decree of the Corporate Tax Law ("CTL-PD"))

Before revision of Article 28 of the CTL-PD, the useful life for depreciation of fixed assets should be selected within a range of 75% to 125% of the standard useful life.

Under the revised provision of the CTL-PD, if a SMC purchases fixed assets such as machineries and equipments, etc. during the period of November 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014, and the total purchasing price of the fixed asset in the current year exceeds that of the prior year, the useful life for depreciation can be selected within a range of 50% to 150% of the standard useful life.

The above amendments will be applied from the fiscal year to which November 5, 2013 belongs.

2. Compensations to the clergy to be classified as taxable "Other Income" from year 2015 (Article 41 and Article 87 of the Presidential Decree of the Individual Income Tax Law ("IITL-PD"))

The clergy are not taxed in Korea even though such tax exemption treatment is not clearly stated in the personal income tax law. From next year, however, compensations to the clergy, which the clergy receive from their religious organizations for performing the services, shall be taxed as "Other Income". The revised tax law will allow 80% deduction against the compensations instead of various itemized deductions in an effort to lower the tax burden of the clergy.

New Tax Ruling

Clarification of accumulated severance pay accrual for calculation of deductible tax limit on severance pay (Seomyeonbeopgyu-1151, 2013.10.22)

Accumulated severance pay accrual under Article 60, Paragraph 2 of the CTL-PD for calculation of deductible tax limit on severance pay shall be the higher of (1) and (2) below:

(1) The total of estimated statutory severance pay calculated under the Employee





Retirement Benefit Security Law ("ERBSL") for employees who are covered under the Defined Benefit Retirement Pension ("DBRP") plan and estimated statutory severance pay which should be paid to employees who are not covered under the retirement pension plan.

(2) Estimated statutory severance pay which should be paid for all officers and employees under the assumption that they resign or terminate their employment as of the last day of the fiscal year.

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