IN THE MATTER OF THE PROPOSAL OF UNIQUE RESTORATION LTD. OF THE CITY OF MISSISSUAGA, IN THE REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF PEEL IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO CREDITORS ON PROPOSAL

<u>Introduction</u>

- 1. Unique Restoration Ltd. ("Unique") or (the "Company") filed a Notice of Intention to Make a Proposal ("NOI") pursuant to the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act* ("Act" or the "BIA") on January 4, 2021 ("NOI Filing Date") with Crowe Soberman Inc., Licensed Insolvency Trustee (the "Proposal Trustee"). The Ontario Superior Court of Justice granted orders on February 3, 2021, and March 17, 2021, extending the time in which the Company was required to file a Proposal.
- 2. On April 30, 2021, the Company filed a Proposal to its creditors. The First Meeting of Creditors was held on May 20, 2021. At the request of the creditors the meeting was adjourned. An amended Proposal dated May 21, 2021, was filed on May 25, 2021 (the "Amended Proposal"). The Reconvened First meeting of Creditors was held on June 1, 2021. At the request of creditors, the meeting was adjourned.
- 3. The Second Reconvened First Meeting of Creditors was held on June 21, 2021 (the "June 2021 MOC"). At this meeting, a majority of creditors voted to accept the Amended Proposal, which was scheduled to be heard by the court on August 30, 2021(the "August 2021 Hearing").
- 4. Due to various matters (discussed below) that the Proposal Trustee became aware of after the June 2021 MOC, the Proposal Trustee requested an adjournment of the August 2021 Hearing. The purpose of the adjournment was for the Proposal Trustee to re-convene a meeting of creditors to provide the creditors with updated information, prior to the proposal being approved by the court. The court granted the Proposal Trustee's request for an adjournment. The Proposal Trustee's Request for an adjournment and the court's approval of the adjournment, digitally signed by Master M. Jean, are attached hereto as Appendices "A" and "B".

The Receivership Proceedings

5. On February 3, 2021, the Fuller Landau Group Inc. (the "Receiver") was appointed as Receiver of certain of the assets, undertakings, and properties of Unique, for the purpose of realizing on the property municipally known as 1220 Matheson Blvd. East, Mississauga, Ontario (the "Property"). The Receiver entered into an agreement to sell the Property and by a Sale Approval and Vesting Order dated May 14, 2021, the sale transaction was approved. The transaction was completed on June 28, 2021. Following the completion of the transaction and receipt of the sale proceeds, the Receiver paid out the Royal Bank of Canada on account of the Company's secured indebtedness. After payment of the interim fees and disbursements of the Receiver and its counsel which were approved by the Court, sale proceeds remaining in the possession of the Receiver was in the amount of \$1,291,578.76.

The Second Mortgage on the Property and the Action Brought by the Receiver

- 6. The second ranking mortgage on the Property in favour of Roma (the "Second Mortgage") was registered on September 5, 2019, in the amount of \$600,000. On May 15, 2020, the Second Mortgage amount increased to \$1,300,000 (the "Second Mortgage Increase"). On November 17, 2020, the Second Mortgage was assigned to VGNA Holdings Inc. ("VGNA"). On February 4, 2021, VGNA assigned the Second Mortgage to Claudio and Rosanna Bevilacqua (the "Bevilacquas"), as security in connection with a \$600,000 loan made from the Bevilacquas to VGNA.
- 7. After the completion of the sale of the Property, counsel for VGNA provided a discharge statement with respect to the Second Mortgage, seeking payment in the amount of \$1,418,070.58 allegedly owing by Unique to VGNA under the Second Mortgage. Counsel for the Receiver requested documents in support of this request and, on July 8, 2021, counsel for VGNA provided a package of documents related to the Second Mortgage. From the Receiver's perspective, there were several gaps, discrepancies and questions arising from this information. The Receiver sought additional information from counsel for each of Unique, Roma, VGNA and the Bevilacquas to satisfy itself as to the legitimacy of the Second Mortgage and the advances thereunder.
- 8. Several issues that were brought by the Receiver with respect to the Second Mortgage include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Did Roma advance the funds (\$600,000) to Unique with respect to the Second Mortgage that was registered on September 5, 2019;
 - Did the Second Mortgage Increase constitute as a preference under the Assignments and Preferences Act;
 - Was the Second Mortgage Increase void as against creditors of Unique under Sections 95 and/or 96 of the BIA (further discussed below); and
 - What was the actual amount of the Second Mortgage (principal and interest) to be distributed to the secured creditors at hand, in priority to the Company's unsecured creditors.
- 9. On February 14, 2022, Mr. Justice Cavanagh made an order (the "**February 14**th **Order**") declaring that the Second Mortgage was valid and enforceable, and for the Receiver to pay out the Secured Creditors in connection with the Second Mortgage. Specifically, the Receiver was ordered to pay \$641,508 to the Bevilacquas and \$338,734 to VGNA.
- 10. The February 14th Order is attached hereto as Appendix "C". The Receiver's Statement of Receipts and Disbursements in connection with the Receivership Proceedings is attached hereto as Appendix "D".
- 11. After discharge of the Receiver, it remitted net funds in the amount of \$161,630.06 to the Proposal Trustee. Details of the Company's cash balance, and summary of cash flows in connection with these proposal proceedings are discussed in the Summary of Cash Flows noted below.

Section 96 of the BIA re the Second Mortgage and the Sale of Equipment

12. As previously noted, Roma made several advances to the Company in the year 2019, totalling \$1,500,000. As per the Official Transcript of the Examination of Mr. Steve Leblanc, dated December 21, 2021, and the Exhibits therein (the "**Examination**"), a breakdown of these

transfers consist of the following: \$300,000 on August 15, 2019; \$300,000 on August 20, 2019; \$330,00 on September 11, 2019; and \$570,000 on September 17, 2019.

- 13. The Second Mortgage Increase reflected the secured debt at \$1,300,000 (as opposed to \$1,500,000). According to the testimony in the Examination, this reduction of \$200,000 was the net effect of multiple transactions between Unique and Roma. Specifically, the Company sold used equipment to Roma. In addition, the Examination disclosed that the Company ascribed a value on behalf of Roma's due diligence in connection with the Company. Further in the Examination, it was disclosed that the Company sold significant amounts of used equipment to its competitors, such as the Restorer Group and others, for the purpose of funding its ongoing operations (collectively the "Sale of Equipment").
- 14. The Proposal Trustee notes that the Sale of Equipment was not disclosed to the Proposal Trustee and that the Proposal Trustee was not aware of any transactions regarding the Sale of Equipment at the time of the filing of the Amended Proposal. As well, the Proposal Trustee is unclear as to the status of the parties that were privy to the transactions, and whether they were dealing with Company at arm's length (further discussed below).
- 15. Section 96 of the BIA applies to transfers at undervalue ("**TUV**"). On an application by the Trustee, a court may declare that at a TUV is void against the Trustee and the court may order anyone privy to the transfer pay to the estate the difference between the value of the consideration received and given by the debtor.
- 16. In order to determine if a TUV has occurred there are multiple factors to consider: 1) if the party was dealing at arm's length with the debtor; 2) whether the transfer occurred within one year before the date of the initial bankruptcy event (the NOI Filing Date); 3) whether the debtor was insolvent at the time of the transfer or was rendered insolvent by it; 4) and whether the debtor intended to defraud, defeat or delay a creditor.
- 17. For a party not dealing at arm's length with the debtor, the period is one year prior to the date of the initial bankruptcy event (the NOI Filing Date) and does not require any proof of insolvency of the debtor or intent to defraud, defeat or delay a creditor. The period will be extended to five years for parties not dealing at arm's length with the debtor if there is proof that the debtor was insolvent at the time of the transfer or was rendered insolvent by it, or the debtor intended to defraud, defeat or delay a creditor. Hence, for TUV within one year before the date of the initial bankruptcy event between non-arm's length parties, the trustee will not have to demonstrate intent to defraud, defeat or delay a creditor. The trustee can look back up to five years where parties are not dealing at arm's length and the transaction may be declared void where intention to defraud, defeat or delay creditors can be established.
- 18. The Proposal Trustee notes that The Receiver submitted in its factum dated January 21, 2022, that in the Receiver's view, the Company was involved in transactions that were applicable to Section 96 of the BIA. In response to the Receiver's allegations, The February 14th Order in Paragraph 35 stated the following: "Section 96 of the BIA applies to transfers at undervalue. The Second Mortgage was given to secure the amount of advances made by Roma. There is no evidence that Unique made a transfer of property at undervalue to Roma. In any event, the Receiver does not have status to bring an application under s. 96 of the BIA."
- 19. The Proposal Trustee will discuss and seek instructions from creditors and/or inspectors on pursuing the possible TUV. If the Proposal Trustee does not pursue this matter, creditors can utilize section 38 of the BIA:

Section 38(1) of the BIA states the following: Where a creditor requests the trustee to take any proceeding that in his opinion would be for the benefit of the estate of a bankrupt and the trustee refuses or neglects to take the proceeding, the creditor may obtain from the court an order authorizing him to take the proceeding in his own name and at his own expense and risk, on notice being given the other creditors of the contemplated proceeding, and on such other terms and conditions as the court may direct.

20. Creditors should consider whether to direct the Proposal Trustee to take any further steps in respect of the possible TUV matters noted above, in which case the Proposal Trustee will look to the funds on hand to pay its costs and those of its counsel in so doing to the extent of those funds and would thereafter be reliant on funding from creditors for any further steps. Creditors may also consider directing the Proposal Trustee to take no further steps such that any creditor(s) so inclined could proceed to seek an order under section 38(1) of the BIA to pursue such possible claims in its/their own name and at its/their own risk and expense.

Update on the Starlight Litigation

- 21. As set out in Paragraph 7.1 of the Amended Proposal, the Company holds an asset that may produce a recovery for the Creditors, that is, the litigation bearing British Columbia Court File Number S-189965 (the "**Starlight Litigation**").
- 22. The trial in respect of the Starlight litigation is scheduled to commence at 10:00 am on September 16, 2024, for not more than 40 days. We have been advised that since the June 2021 MOC, Unique has discontinued its third-party action against various third parties, which we understand should streamline the rest of the discovery process and allow for a more efficient prosecution of Unique's claims against Starlight.

Summary of Cash Flows

23. The Summary of Cash Flows During the Period January 4, 2021 to June 21, 2023 is attached hereto as Appendix "E". As of the date of this report, cash on hand is in the amount of \$209,924.12. The Proposal Trustee will discuss with creditors and/or inspectors the distribution of these funds, including amounts towards professional fees to the Proposal Trustee, counsel to the Proposal Trustee, and counsel to Unique. As well, it appears there will be funds available to distribute as a dividend to the Company's unsecured creditors.

If you have any questions on the Proposal or this Report, please contact Daniel Posner via email at daniel.posner@crowesoberman.com or by telephone at 416-644-8447.

Dated at the City of Toronto, Province of Ontario, this 20th day of June 2023.

CROWE SOBERMAN INC.
Licensed Insolvency Trustee
acting in re: the Proposal of
UNIQUE RESTORATION LIMITED

Per:

Hans Rizarri, CIRP, LIT

Appendix "A"



Crowe Soberman Inc. Licensed Insolvency Trustee Member Crowe Global

2 St. Clair Avenue East, Suite 1100 Toronto, ON M4T 2T5 416 929 2500 416 929 2555 Fax 1 877 929 2501 Toll Free www.crowesobermaninc.com

August 25, 2021

Delivered by E-Mail Toronto.bankruptcy@ontario.ca

Uploaded to Case Lines

Master M. Jean Superior Court of Justice Bankruptcy Court 330 University Ave., 7th Floor Toronto, ON M5G 1R7

Dear Master Jean,

RE: REQUEST FOR AN ADJOURMENT
RE: UNIQUE RESTORTION LTD. - 32-2701357 – Division I Proposal

The Division I Proposal, Application for Court Approval, is to be heard on August 30, 2021.

The following has recently come to the attention of the Trustee:

(a) We have recently been alerted to an inconsistency between the Proposal as filed, and the Proposal Trustee's Report in relation to the preferences and transfers. More specifically, we refer to paragraph 10.7 of the Proposal, and Section F of the Proposal Trustee's Report.

10.7 Sections 95 to 101 of the BIA

Sections 95 to 101 of the BIA and any other laws relating to preferences, fraudulent conveyances or transfers at undervalue shall not apply to the Proposal or to any payments or distributions made in connection with this Proposal or with the restructuring of the Debtor, whether made before or after the Date of Filing.

Section F – Preferences and Transfers Undervalue

Preferences and transfers under value are specified transactions which a Trustee in Bankruptcy may attack and possibly reverse, if inequitable or contrary to statute. The Proposal provides that if any of these transactions are discovered, they may be attacked pursuant to the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act*.

(b) The validity of a second mortgage: a Receiver was appointed by the Royal Bank to sell the building. The receiver's lawyer has investigated the second mortgage since before the sale of the building, May 14TH, 2021, and has been unable to determine its validity at this time. Furthermore, the receiver's lawyer has advised the proposal trustee that it appears certain assets of the company may have been transferred to a party related to the second mortgagee within the seven (7) month period prior to the initial event. This investigation is still on-going.

The Proposal Trustee is requesting an adjournment of this matter. The proposal trustee intends on re-convening a meeting of creditors, and to provide the creditors with this latest information/development of the above matters, prior to the Proposal being approved by the Court.

Trusting this is satisfactory.

Yours truly,

Hans Rizarri, CIRP, LIT

Crowe Soberman Inc. Licensed Insolvency Trustee

Hans.Rizarri@CroweSoberman.com

Direct Line: 416-963-7175

copy: Inspector

copy: Rory McGovern, lawyer for Unique Restorations Ltd.

:fd

Appendix "B"

In the matter of the proposal of UNIQUE RESTORATION LTD. of the City of Mississauga, in the Regional Municipality of Peel in the Province of Ontario

August 30, 2021

Adjourned sine die - at the request of the trustee - see letter dated August 25, 2021.

Master M. Jean by Master M. Jean

ONTARIO SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE IN BANKRUPTCY AND INSOLVENCY

APPLICATION FOR COURT APPROVAL OF PROPOSAL

Crowe Soberman Inc.
Licensed Insolvency Trustee
2 St. Clair Avenue East, Suite 1100
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Tel: 416-929-2500 Fax: 416-929-2555

Hans Rizarri, CPA, CA, LIT, CIRP Licence: 2680 Hans.Rizarri@CroweSoberman.com Direct Line: 416-963-7175

x: 416-929-2500

Appendix "C"

Court File Number: CV-21-00655331-00CL

Superior Court of Justice Commercial List

FILE/DIRECTION/ORDER

ROYAL BANK OF CANADA						
		Applican				
	AND					
	LTD., JOHN KENNED EBLANC AND LINDA	DY, MONICA KENNEDY, STEVEN LEBLANC				
		Respondents				
Case Management ☐ Yes ☐	☐ No by Judge:					
Counsel Catherine Francis for The	Telephone No:	Email/Facsimile No:				
Fuller Landau group, as						
Receiver						
Adam Marchioni for VGNA						
Holdings Inc.						
Brendan Bissell for Crowe						
Soberman Inc. as Proposal						
Trustee of Unique						
Restoration Ltd.						
Rory McGovern for Unique						
Restoration Inc.						
P. Masic for Roma Building						
Restoration Ltd.						
Louis Raffaghello for Claudio						
and Rosanna Bevilacqua						

 ☐ Order ☐ Direction for Registrar (No formal order need be taken out) ☐ Above action transferred to the Commercial List at Toronto (No formal order need be taken out)
☐ Adjourned to: ☐ Time Table approved (as follows):
DATE OF HEARING:
February 14, 2022

ENDORSEMENT

<u>Introduction</u>

[1] The Fuller Landau Group Inc. (the "Receiver"), in its capacity as receiver of certain of the assets, undertakings and properties of Unique Restoration Ltd. ("Unique") brings this motion for an order providing advice and directions with respect to a second mortgage registered in favour of Roma Building Restoration Limited ("Roma)" on September 5, 2019 over property municipally known as 1220 Matheson Blvd. East, Mississauga, Ontario (the "Property").

Factual Background

- [2] Present to the order of the Honourable Justice Gilmore dated February 3, 2021, the Receiver was appointed as receiver of certain of the assets, undertakings and properties of Unique, including the Property. The Receiver was appointed for the purpose of realizing on the Property.
- [3] Unique was in the business of building maintenance and restoration, servicing the multi-unit residential, commercial and institutional sectors within the provinces of Ontario and British Columbia. The Property consisted of land and a building, which building contained offices and warehouse space.
- [4] Royal Bank of Canada ("RBC") provided secured loans to Unique and its then subsidiary, 2039638 Ontario Inc. ("203"). Unique and 203 amalgamated on March 1, 2020 and continued as Unique. RBC demanded its loans on March 26, 2020. Unique has not carried on business since March 2020.
- [5] On January 4, 2021, Unique filed a Notice of Intention to file a Proposal under the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act* ("NOI"). Crowe Soberman Inc. (the "Proposal Trustee") was appointed as the trustee under the NOI.
- The Receiver entered into an agreement to sell the Property and, by a Sale Approval and Vesting Order dated May 14, 2021, the proposed sale transaction was approved. The transaction was completed on June 28, 2021. Following completion of the transaction, the Receiver distributed \$3,752,042.66 to RBC on account of its secured indebtedness. After payment of the interim fees and disbursements of the Receiver and its counsel approved by the Court, the Receiver continues to hold the sum of \$1,291,578.76.
- [7] The second ranking mortgage in favour of Roma (the "Second Mortgage") was registered on September 5, 2019. At the time of this registration, the Second Mortgage secured a stated principal

amount of \$600,000. The Second Mortgage states that the interest rate is 6.0% per annum. The maturity date was February 21, 2020. A notice increasing the stated principal amount of the charge from \$600,000 to \$1,300,000 was registered on May 15, 2020.

- [8] The Second Mortgage was assigned to VGNA Holdings Inc. ("VGNA") on November 17, 2020 for consideration of \$300,000. The Second Mortgage was assigned by VGNA to Claudio and Rosanna Bevilacqua (the "Bevilacquas") on February 4, 2021, as security for a \$600,000 loan made to VGNA.
- [9] On June 29, 2021, after the completion of the sale of the Property, counsel for VGNA provided a discharge statement with respect to the Second Mortgage, seeking payment of \$1,418,070.58 allegedly owing by Unique to VGNA under the Second Mortgage. Counsel for the Receiver requested documents in support of this request and, on July 8, 2021, counsel for VGNA provided a package of documents related to the Second Mortgage. From the Receiver's perspective, there were a number of gaps, discrepancies and questions arising from this information. The Receiver sought additional information from counsel for each of Unique, Roma, VGNA and the Bevilacquas to satisfy itself as to the legitimacy of the Second Mortgage and the advances thereunder.
- [10] Over the next two months, the Receiver obtained additional information. On September 7, 2021, the Receiver, through its counsel, followed up again for further documents and, in response, on September 9, 2021, counsel for Unique advised that it had no further documents to provide in connection with the matter.
- [11] The Receiver scheduled a motion for directions. In its Second Report, the Receiver recommended that \$600,000 be dispersed to the Bevilacquas. The Receiver was not satisfied that the Notice registered on May 15, 2020, increasing the principal amount secured by the Second Mortgage was valid and enforceable against the creditors of Unique. Accordingly, the Receiver recommended that the balance of funds on hand, after payment of \$600,000 to the Bevilacquas and the fees and expenses at the receiver and its counsel up to the date of the discharge of the Receiver, be paid to the Proposal Trustee for distribution to Unique's unsecured creditors.
- [12] The Receiver's motion which was originally scheduled for hearing on October 7, 2021 was adjourned to November 10, 2021. VGNA's counsel delivered a letter with additional documents and on November 4, 2021, VGNA delivered a Responding Motion Record containing an affidavit of Enzo Cirillo, an officer of VGNA. On November 5, 2021, counsel for Roma provided a letter and additional documents for consideration by the Receiver. On November 10, 2021, at the request of VGNA, the motion was adjourned.
- [13] On December 14, 2021, Marcello Battisti, the president of Roma, delivered an affidavit providing further details of the dealings between Unique and Roma including documents and other information that had not previously been provided to the Receiver. Steven Leblanc, a representative of Unique, was examined as a witness on December 21, 2021. Mr. Battisti was cross-examined on January 12, 2022.

Analysis

- [14] The issues on this motion are:
 - a. Has VGNA shown that money was advanced by Roma to Unique that is secured by the Second Mortgage?

- b. Is the registration of the Notice on May 15, 2020 giving notice of the increase of the stated amount of the principal secured by the Second Mortgage void as against Unique's creditors as a preference under the *Assignments and Preferences Act*?
- c. Is the increase of the principal amount of the Second Mortgage void as against creditors of Unique under ss. 95 or 96 of the BIA?

Has VGNA shown that money was advanced by Roam to Unique that is secured by the Second Mortgage

- [15] It is trite law that a mortgage is only security for the loan of funds advanced under it: *S.A. v. A.A.*, 2017 ONCA 243, at para. 46. The Receiver submits that the evidence does not support VGNA's claim that Roma advanced money to Unique that is secured by the Second Mortgage.
- [16] A letter dated August 5, 2019 was sent by Roma to Unique (described as a Letter of Agreement) regarding the proposed purchase of Unique's B.C. operations and Toronto equipment (the "Letter Agreement").
- [17] The Letter Agreement states that Unique has offered to sell its business to Roma and, prior to acceptance of the offer, Roma will need to conduct its process of due diligence. The Letter Agreement states that it serves as a formal agreement between Roma and Unique whereby both parties have mutually consented to the arrangement in which Roma will provide ongoing operational funding and the payment of outstanding debts to suppliers and sub-trades to which Unique has sustained, in advance, for the purpose of preserving Unique's business while Roma conducts its due diligence. The Letter Agreement states that Roma will be purchasing various used equipment from Unique. The Letter Agreement states that all monies advanced from Roma to Unique are for the sole purpose of preserving Unique's ongoing operations, including the payment of outstanding debts to suppliers and sub-trades, and cannot be used for personal use or gain by the owners and/or principals of Unique.

[18] The Letter Agreement states:

During the course of RBR's [Roma's] due diligence process, URL [Unique] will agree to convert all funding provided by RVR, into a mortgage to be secured by the property located at 1220 Matheson Blvd East, Mississauga ON L4W1R2. RVR reserves the exclusive right to decline URL's offer, and will be reimbursed by URL in full for all funding, noted above. Once RVR is reimbursed in full, all collateral against this property, namely 1220 Matheson Blvd East, Mississauga, ON L4W1R2, will be discharged.

- [19] The Letter Agreement was executed by Mr. Leblanc on behalf of Unique and by Mr. Battisti on behalf of Roma.
- [20] Mr. Battisti's evidence is that the Second Mortgage registered against the Property was to secure repayment of monies that were advanced by Roma to Unique. Mr. Battisti's evidence is that the Second Mortgage, including the amendment to it which increased the stated principal amount from \$600,000 to \$1.3 million, accurately reflected the terms of the advances that were made from Roma to Unique. The Second Mortgage provides for interest at the rate of 6% per annum.
- Roma made payments to Unique by cheques drawn on its bank account and made payable to Unique as follows: (a) \$300,000 on August 15, 2019; (b) \$300,000 on August 20, 2019; (c) \$330,000 on

September 11, 2019; (d) \$570,000 on September 17, 2019. Copies of the deposit cheque stubs were produced and Unique's bank statements show the deposits of these amounts. Of the \$1,500,000 that was advanced, \$1,165,000 was used to pay down the indebtedness owing to RBC. Mr. LeBlanc's evidence is that the remaining \$335,000 was used to cover Unique's payroll obligations or other business expenses of Unique.

- [22] Mr. Battisti's evidence is that \$450,000 was repaid from the money advanced by Unique. No other amount was repaid.
- [23] Mr. Battisti's evidence is that Unique and Roma agreed to a list of assets that would be acquired by Roma for \$200,000 which would be credited to repayment of Roma's debt. A handwritten list of these assets was produced by Mr. Battisti. Mr. Battisti's evidence is that Roma did not acquire any other assets from Unique.
- [24] Among the documents provided to the Receiver are four promissory notes executed by Mr. Leblanc dated August 15, 2019 (\$300,000), August 20, 2019 (\$300,000), September 11, 2019 (\$330,000), and September 17, 2019 (\$570,000). The promissory notes do not provide for interest. The first two notes state that for the value received "Secretary/Treasurer of Unique Restoration Inc., the borrower promises to pay Roma Building Restoration LTD, noteholder the principal amount of \$300,000 payable in full". The second two promissory notes state that "Roma Building Restoration LTD has loaned the shareholders of Unique Restoration a further value of [\$330,000 and \$570,000] effective today's date". The Receiver and the Proposal Trustee submit that these promissory notes call into question whether Roma made loans to Unique.
- [25] On his examination, Mr. Leblanc gave evidence that the promissory notes were given as additional security but that none of the shareholders received any benefit from the advances made by Roma. This evidence is supported by Unique's bank statements showing that Roam advanced funds to Unique. I accept this evidence. There is no direction in evidence showing that Roma was directed to make loan advances to Unique by another borrower. This also supports my finding that the principal loan advances were made by Roma to Unique.
- [26] I am satisfied that VGNA has shown that Roma made advances totalling \$1,500,000 to Unique. I am satisfied that Unique, and not Mr. Leblanc or other shareholders of Unique, was the principal borrower. I am satisfied based on the Letter Agreement and the evidence given by Mr. Leblanc and Mr. Battisti that Roma and Unique agreed that the advances were to be secured by a mortgage on the Property. The Second Mortgage as registered provides for payment of interest at 6% per annum. Mr. Battisti's evidence is that the registered charge accurately reflects the terms of the advances. The registered mortgage was signed on behalf of Unique. On the evidence before me, I find that Roma and Unique agreed that the loan advances would bear interest at the rate of 6% per annum shown in the Second Mortgage.

<u>Is the increase of the stated amount of the principal secured by the Second Mortgage on May 15, 2020 void as against Unique's creditors as a preference under the Assignments and Preferences Act?</u>

[27] The Receiver submits that the increase of the principal amount of the Second Mortgage from \$600,000 to \$1.3 million on May 15, 2020 is a preference because the increase was made with the intent to give Roma an unjust preference over other creditors or any one or more of them and, as such, is void as against creditors of Unique pursuant to s. 4(2) of the *Assignments and Preferences Act*.

- In Harry Snoek Limited Partnership (Re), 2011 ONSC 6667, the motion judge had to decide whether security granted by a bankrupt created improper preferences under the Assignments and Preferences Act. The lenders took the position that the impugned transaction did nothing more than provide mortgage security to them for the full amount of their loans, which was agreed upon when the loans were made. The motion judge, at para. 46, accepted that the lenders would succeed on this argument if they showed that they were promised security at the time the loans were advanced. The motion judge concluded that there was no promise of security at the time the loans were advanced.
- [29] In Banton v. Westcoast Diversion Corp., 2003 BCSC 1400 (CanLII), a lender demanded that the borrower execute a mortgage that had been agreed upon in a written agreement when the loan was made. The demand was made two days after a judgment against the borrower was granted. The judgment creditor asserted that the mortgage was a fraudulent preference. The application judge was satisfied that the mortgage was not a fraudulent preference because it was made in good faith by way of security for an actual payment of money made in good faith. The fact that the lender did not elect to perfect its security until after the granting of the judgment was held to be immaterial because the lender's right to the security existed prior to the rendering of the judgment. See Banton, at paras. 36-46.
- [30] I have found that Roma and Unique agreed when the Letter Agreement was made that the advances to be made by Roma to Unique would be secured by a mortgage on the Property. The registration by Roma under s. 71 of the *Land Titles Act* of a Notice increasing the principal amount secured by the Second Mortgage from \$600,000 to \$1,300,000 gives effect to this agreement. I am satisfied that Roma and Unique had agreed under the Letter Agreement that Roma would receive mortgage security for the loan advances it made to Unique. In these circumstances, the registration of the Notice increasing the stated principal amount secured by the Second Mortgage is not a preference.

<u>Is the increase of the principal amount of the Second Mortgage void as against creditors of Unique under ss. 95 or 96 of the BIA?</u>

- [31] The Receiver submits that the increase of the Second Mortgage is also void and unenforceable as against Unique's creditors under ss. 95 and 96 of the BIA.
- [32] The evidence shows that Roma and Unique are arm's length parties.
- [33] Under s. 95(1)(b) of the BIA, a charge on property made by an insolvent person in favour of a creditor who is dealing at arm's length with the insolvent person with a view to giving that creditor a preference over another creditor is void as against the trustee if it is made during the period beginning on the day that is three months before the date of the initial bankruptcy event and ending on the date of bankruptcy.
- [34] Unique filed the NOI on January 4, 2021. This is the date of the initial bankruptcy event under the BIA. The Notice giving notice that the stated principal amount secured by the Second Mortgage was increased was registered on May 15, 2020, nearly eight months before the initial bankruptcy event. Section 95 of the BIA does not apply to the Second Mortgage. In any event, for reasons I have given, the registration of the Notice was not done with a view to giving Roma a preference over another creditor.
- [35] Section 96 of the BIA applies to transfers at undervalue. The Second Mortgage was given to secure the amount of advances made by Roma. There is no evidence that Unique made a transfer of property at undervalue to Roma. In any event, the Receiver does not have status to bring an application under s. 96 of the BIA.

If the Second Mortgage is not invalid, what amount is secured thereby?

- [36] The evidence shows that Roma advanced a total of \$1,500,000 to Unique under the Letter Agreement. Roma acquired equipment from Unique for the agreed amount of \$200,000. Roma and Unique agreed that the outstanding loan balance would be reduced by this amount. On or about November 9, 2019, Unique repaid \$400,000 of the advanced funds. On or about November 11, 2019, Unique repaid \$50,000 of the advanced funds. No other repayment of the advanced funds was made.
- [37] The principal amount outstanding under the Second Mortgage is \$850,000.
- [38] The amount of interest that has accrued on the outstanding principal balance from time to time calculated at the rate of 6% per annum is \$130,241.09, as at February 14, 2022.
- [39] The total principal and interest owing under the Second Mortgage as at February 14, 2022 is \$980,241.09. The amount owing to the Bevilacquas is \$641,507.54. The amount owing to VGNA is \$338,733.55.

Disposition

- [40] For these reasons, I make an Order:
 - a. Declaring that the Second Mortgage is valid and enforceable.
 - b. Directing that the Receiver pay \$641,507.54 to Claudio and Rosanna Bevilacqua, jointly, and \$338,733.55 to VGNA Holdings Inc. from the proceeds from the sale of the Property.
- [41] VGNA seeks costs of this motion. The Bevilacquas, as assignees by way of security of the Second Mortgage, also seek costs. If the parties are unable to resolve costs, I may be spoken to.

Digitally signed by Mr. Justice Cavanagh

Cavanagh J.

February 14, 2022

Appendix "D"

UNIQUE RESTORATION LTD. INTERIM STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FEBRUARY 3, 2021 TO MARCH 4, 2022

	\$
RECEIPTS	
Sale of land and building	5,550,000.00
Interest income	1,156.43
Advances from RBC by way of Receiver certificate	35,000.00
TOTAL RECEIPTS	5,586,156.43
DISBURSEMENTS	
Realtor commissions	194,250.00
Priority claim - property taxes	71,854.62
Receiver Certificate repayment	35,000.00
Receiver fees to January 31, 2022	132,797.32
Receiver's legal fees to January 25, 2022	124,522.07
Secured Creditor payout RBC	3,717,042.66
2nd Secured creditor payment (VGNA)	338,733.55
2nd Secured creditor payment (Bevilacquas)	642,000.68
Insurance	6,454.08
Utilities	7,313.44
Appraisal costs	7,688.10
Environmental reports	2,800.00
HST paid	63,472.58
Property Management and related costs	8,761.00
Transcription fees	766.00
HVAC repairs	4,660.00
Waste disposal fees	5,397.50
Receivership filing fee	71.54
Bank charges	105.30
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	5,363,690.44
EXCESS OF RECEIPTS OVER DISBURSEMENTS	222,465.99
BALANCE AVAILABLE	222,465.99
FUTURE DISBURSEMENTS	
Receiver fees for Feb 2022	8,508.33
Receiver's Legal fees to March 2 2022	9,322.50
Costs to VGNA	40,504.80
Receiver and legal fees to complete and discharge (estimate)	2,500.00
TOTAL FUTURE DISBURSEMENTS	60,835.63
AVAILADI E EOD EUTUDE DICTRIBUTIONO	
AVAILABLE FOR FUTURE DISTRIBUTIONS	161,630.36

Appendix "E"

Unique Restoration Ltd. Division 1 Proposal Summary of Cash Flows During the Period January	Appendix "E"		
CASH-IN	\$		\$
Proceeds received from the Fuller Landau Group in their capacity as Receiver	161,630.06		
Advance from shareholder (Steven Leblanc)	10,052.06		
CRA HST Refund	55,260.64		
TOTAL CASH-IN	226,942.76	Α	226,942.76
CASH-OUT			
Filing fees to O/R	150.00		
Reimbursement to Shareholder (John Kennedy)	1,534.54		
Professional fees	13,570.00		
HST thereon	1,764.10		
TOTAL CASH-OUT	17,018.64	В	17,018.64
CASH ON HAND (Note 1)		A - B	209,924.12

Note:

^{1.}The Proposal Trustee will discuss with creditors and/or inspectors the distribution of these funds, including amounts towards professional fees to the Proposal Trustee, counsel to the Proposal Trustee, and counsel to Unique. As well, it appears there will be funds available to distribute as a dividend to the Company's unsecured creditors.