

Appendix I

As of 2022, individuals diagnosed with Type 1 Diabetes can automatically qualify for the DTC. You must still complete Form T2201 to notify the CRA of eligibility.

For all other disabilities, eligibility will depend on whether the impairment restricts a person's ability to complete "basic activities of daily living" in a manner that is **severe** and **prolonged**.

The CRA's listing of "basic activities of daily living" is provided below:

Qualifying Activities/Functions	
Walking	Speaking
Dressing	Hearing
Feeding	Eliminating (bowel or bladder functions)
Mental Functions	Vision
Life Sustaining Therapy*	The Cumulative Effect of Significant Limitations**

* Life Sustaining Therapy is any therapy that is needed:

- to support a vital function, even if it eases the symptom
- at least two times per week
- for an average of at least 14 hours per week
- if your impairment has lasted or is expected to last for a continuous period of 12 months

** To qualify under the cumulative effect of significant limitations category, an individual must have limitations in **two or more categories** that:

- exist together all or substantially all of the time (greater than **90%**)
- have a combined impact that is: equivalent to taking an inordinate amount of time in one category, and be present all or substantially all of the time even with appropriate therapy, devices, and medication

Severe and **prolonged** impairments are defined as follows:

Severe	Prolonged
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Qualifying activities or functions take an inordinate amount of time to perform• This is a clinical judgement made by a medical professional, but generally 3x longer than is typically necessary• This must occur substantially all of the time (greater than 90%)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• An impairment is prolonged if it has lasted for a continuous period of at least 12 months, or it is expected to last a continuous period of at least 12 months.