

The data is clear: Revenues are not going back to January levels. Now what?

Sept. 30, 2020

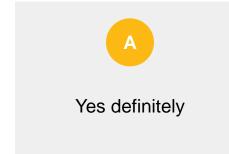
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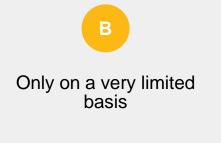
Brian Sanderson Alex Garrison



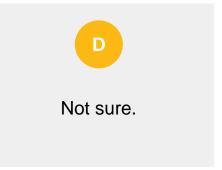
Polling Question

Do you think wearables will be part of the clinical treatment protocols within the next year?











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- a. Highlighting measurable changes in services levels, impacts on revenue, & expectations for months ahead
- b. How CARES funding has impacted the industry and how to prepare for when this flow of funding is gone
- c. The surge in telehealth services and what role they play in the short- and long-term strategies of leading organizations
- d. New business and labor models being considered by health system leaders



Polling Question

Will hospital patient volumes return to 2019 levels?

A

Yes, definitely – in the near term.

В

Yes, but not until late 2021 or beyond.

C

No, this is our new norm for hospital volumes.



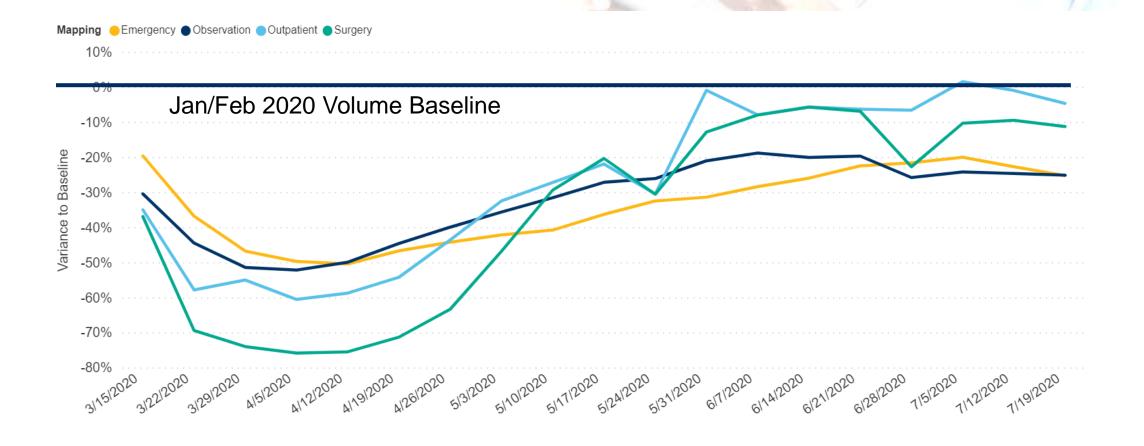
Not sure.



"We can't afford to wait and see.
We need to make decisions now,
and the one variable that always
comes into play in any of the
decision options is lowering our cost
structure."

COVID's Impact: Changes in Service Levels and Volumes

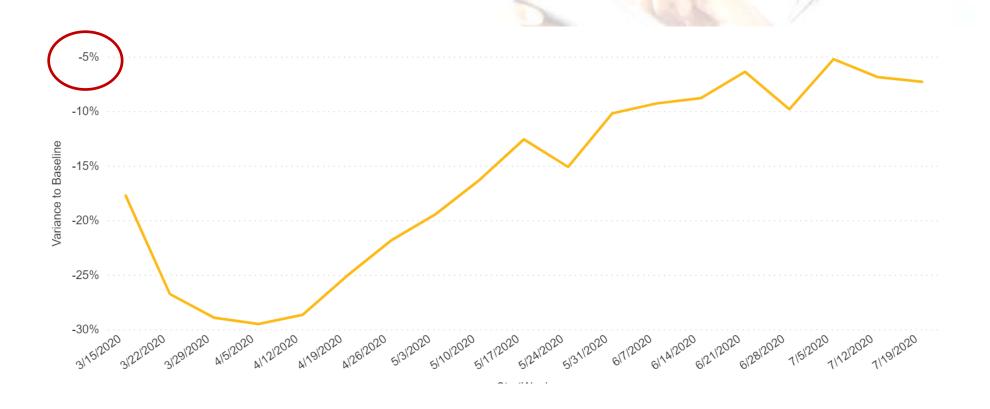
Outpatient Volume Trends



Outpatient Volume Trends (Cont.)



Inpatient Volume Trends



	2020 vs.
KPI Description	2019
Credit Balances	16.6%
DNFB Balances	7.8%
Net AR Balances	-1.2%
Gross AR Balances	0.7%

July 2020 vs. July 2019

- May month end Net AR was down 17%+ in 50% of health systems, then rose when patient volumes began to return
- Net revenue per case in July was 6.1% higher in I/P, 6.3% higher in O/P reflecting higher acuity within lower patient volumes

Rev Cycle KPIs are not reliable at current

CROWE CASE STUDY

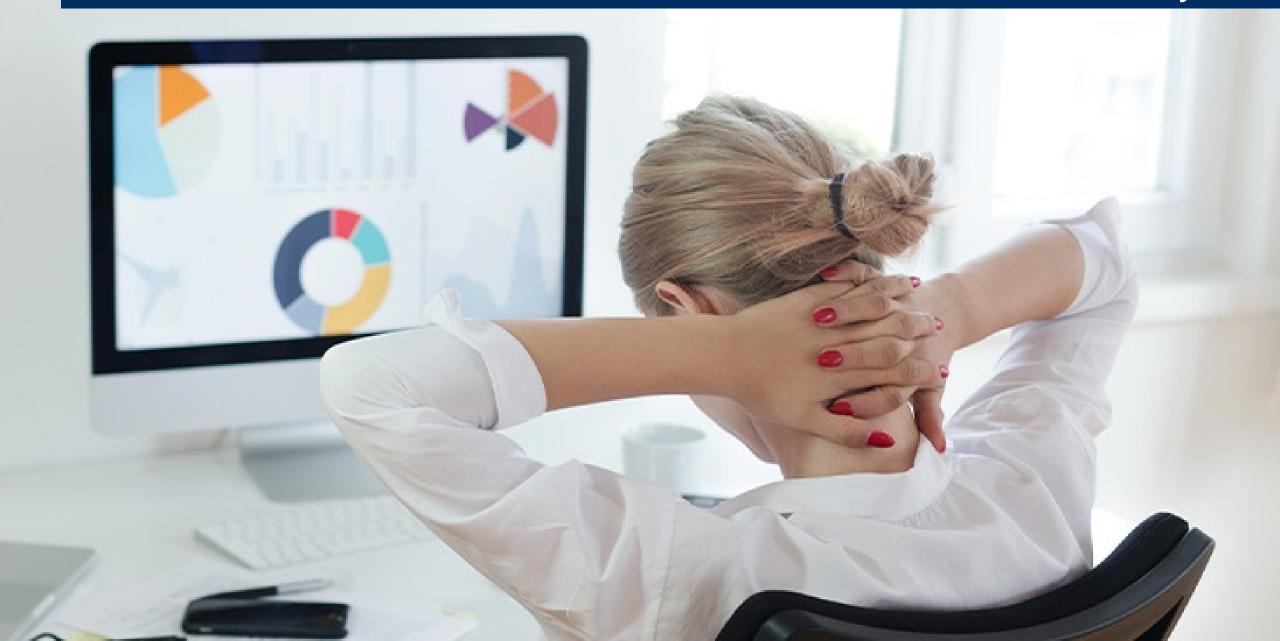
	Emergency Department Compared to Baseline Stats				
	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20
ED Volume	-43.5%	-28.3%	-20.0%	-9.9%	-8.2%
ED GPSR Per Case	9.3%	7.3%	10.0%	9.1%	5.3%

	OP Surgery Compared to Baseline Stats				
	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20
OP Surgery Volume	-77.3%	-41.6%	-7.4%	-0.8%	-4.0%
OP Surgery GPSR per Case	26.6%	14.7%	15.6%	13.9%	12.8%

- Evaluation & Management (E&M) volumes for level 3+ are close to baselines,
 but levels 1 and 2 are scarce alternative sites or "not receiving care" ...?
- Outbound calling (by physicians or other clinicians) has strong "hit rate" of rescheduling surgeries

Health systems can no longer "wait and see"

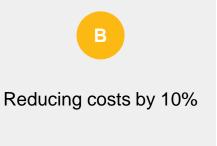
What does this mean for you?



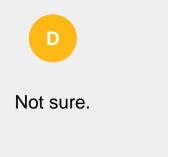
Polling Question

What is the most important element of health system financial recovery?

Getting volume back to previous levels









"We had the best financial statement month ever, in June, due to the CARES money. I told our executives to 'take a picture' – because we'll never see those kinds of numbers again, when we're back to normal operations."

CARES Funding & Its Impacts

- As part of the CARES Act, HHS distributed \$50 billion to providers who bill Medicare fee-for-service proportional to providers' share of 2018 patient revenue. \$30 billion of this was distributed to eligible providers on April 10, 2020 and the remainder on April 24th
- An additional \$18 billion was distributed as part of phase two for eligible providers that included participants in state Medicaid/CHIP programs, Medicaid managed care plans, dentists, and certain Medicare providers. This was determined based on applications from eligible providers.
- Additional targeted distributions were established for high-impact COVID-19 areas, rural providers, skilled nursing facilities, tribal hospitals, safety net hospitals, and several others. The total amount dedicated to these programs was nearly \$60 billion in total
- In addition, providers were eligible to request advanced Medicare payments to assist with cash flow concerns as a result from COVID-19. These must be paid back by hospitals within one year of receipt of advance payments.

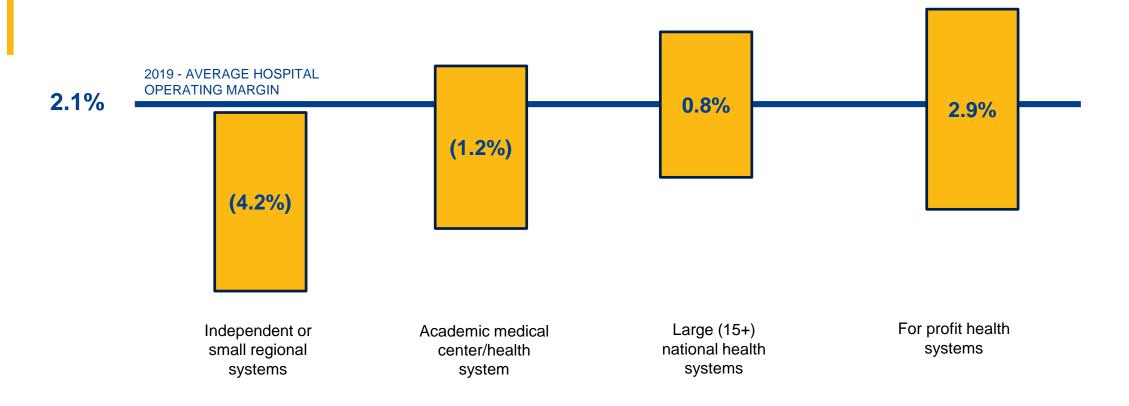
CARES Act Impacts to Operating Margin

	2019 Operating Margin	2020 Operating Margin	2020 Operating Margin (exc. CARES Act)
For-Profit Health System A	13.1%	17.8%	10.4%
For-Profit Health System B	12.3%	12.5%	1.8%
For-Profit Health System C	3.4%	11.8%	-6.0%
Non-Profit Health System D	2.3%	-1.8%	-7.0%
Non-Profit Health System E	5.7%	-6.8%	-19.3%

- Crowe has seen CARES Act funding account for between 6% to 17% in operating margin differences in our sample.
- In many cases, this has the impact of swinging operating margin from negative to positive.
- In addition, for profit providers showed the greatest resilience in being able to maintain positive operating margins when excluding CARES act funding.

Looking Ahead at Operating Margin (3/31/21)

(without CARES Act or related relief)



Most health systems will be unable to fully transition their cost model within the next 6 months.



Polling Question

What will the healthy system look like in 2030?

A

Only huge (100+ hospitals) systems

В

Partnership (including for profit ancillary) groups that coordinate care

C

Digital first. Hands on care second.



Not sure.

"With telehealth, we executed in 4 weeks what would have normally taken us more than 2 years. We had the infrastructure, we just didn't have the reimbursement or burning platform.

What else can we accomplish this way?"

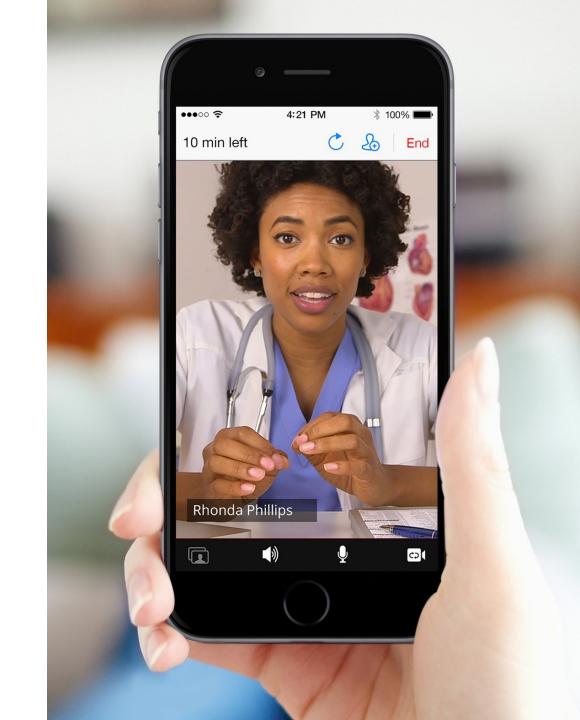


The Telehealth Surge

(or should we just call it "digital" health)

Telehealth Volume Trends 2020

- Weekly telehealth encounters in late April 2020 at nearly 1 million per week, compared to baseline levels of less than 20,000 per week (source: Preverity)
- Telehealth weekly visits in this data set normalizing at around 500,000 visits a week in June 2020
- The largest utilizers of telehealth from an age perspective were those falling between 51-60, with women being larger utilizers than men.
- Different regions (e.g. east coast) showed disparate usage per capita
- Increases in telehealth visits have not made up for steep declines in office visits in 2020.



"Our focus with telemedicine is - how do we complement in person care with what we do with the real estate footprints, and the facility reimbursement we receive."

Rhonda Anderson CFO, Ascension Health





"We seek to embed virtual care on a disease state by disease state basis ... For a destination practice like Mayo Clinic, the use of virtual care is a significant advancement in healthcare delivery."

Increasing Investment in Digital Health

- 2020 has seen increasing investment in healthcare with a focus on technology and innovation. Fierce health reported this is up to \$9.1B in the first half of 2020 compared to \$7.7B during the same time period in 2019.
- Some key highlights include:
 - Telehealth provider Amwell raised \$742M in its initial public offering on September 16th following raising over \$100M in additional funding from Google in June.
 - Oak Street Health raised \$328M in its initial public offering in August followed by an announcement of its partnership with Walmart to operate three clinics in Texas supercenters
 - Following stock value rising over 155% for Teladoc & 427% for Livongo since the start of 2020, they announced their plans to merge on August 6th 2020 in a deal that valued the combined entity at \$37B.

Considerations for Telehealth & Ambulatory Strategy

- There is no "primary service area" in digital/virtual health so your market mindset changes
- Telehealth and connected device investments and partnerships shouldn't be seen as a COVID stopgap but as a long-term strategy
- Organizations should do thorough due diligence on how to establish strong complimentary partnerships to enhance the patient experience and increase loyalty for high contribution margin services (imaging, OR, etc.) that can't be accomplished digitally.
- While much may go back to normal, some of telehealth (estimated at 50% of peak) is here to stay, and this may further compromise hospitals, health systems and physician practices which had low operating margins pre-COVID.



"With lower volumes, we need to look critically at what service lines we actually can now support. And be flexible with our plant to reassign clinical areas."

CFO
3 HOSPITAL HEALTH SYSTEM



What does this mean for you?

New Business & Labor Models

HIL INFINITE GAME THE **INFINITE GAME** SIMON SINEK THE INFINITE GAME THE INFINITE GAME

THE
BESTSELLING
AUTHOR OF
START
WITH WHY

LEADERS EAT LAST



44% of this market cap is in new modes of clinical and operational delivery

Administrative automation & digitization



Disease management & therapeutics



Screening & diagnostics



Drug discovery



Clinical trials



Clinical intelligence & enablement





Online-offline care



harma supply chain



Health plans & benefits management



Real-world evidence (RWE)



Virtual care delivery



Created by You. Powered by GINSIGHTS



Transition – Traditional to Digital Clinical Care



Primary Care

35%

Radiology

25%





Pediatrics

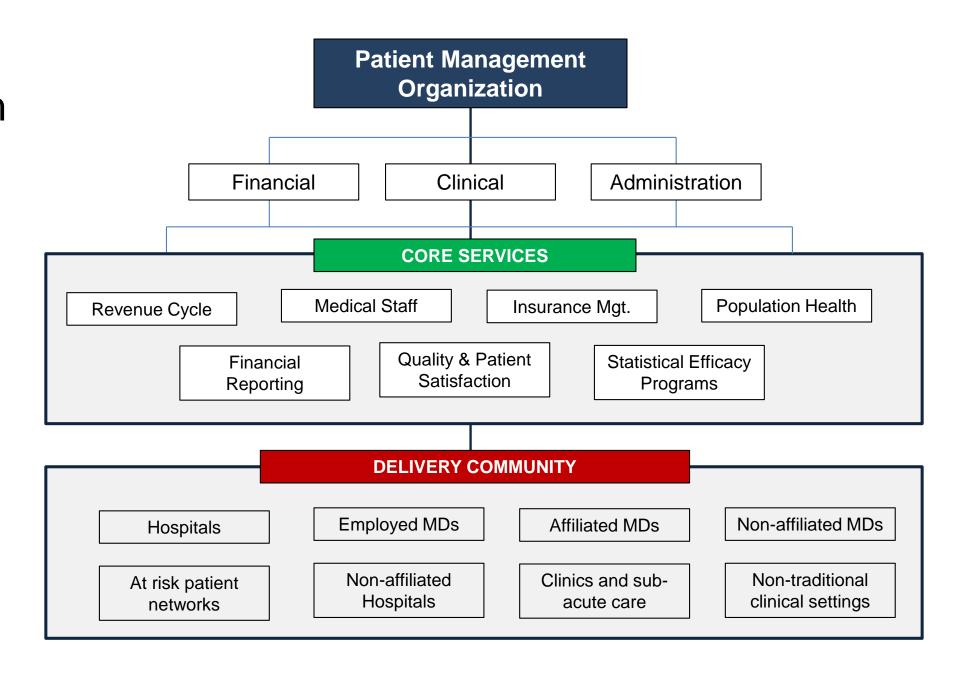
30%

Ophthalmology

25%

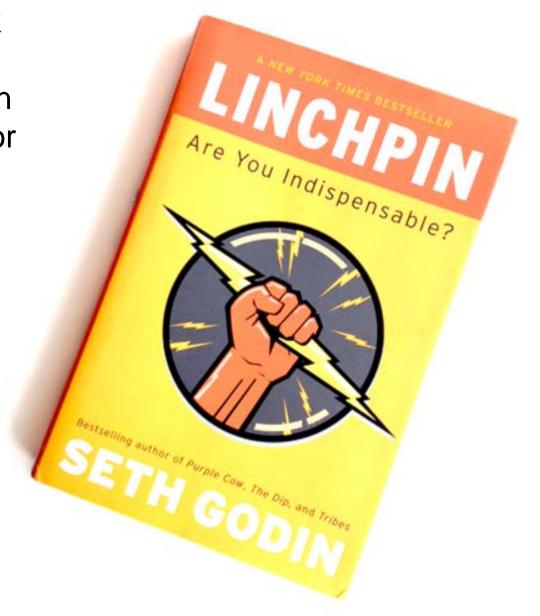


New health system business models will integrate multiple **functions** and disciplines



• Is your job remarkable? Is your work output remarkable? Are you remarkable? If the answer is no, then you are replaceable (by automation or by another cheaper resource)

- Distinction between "factory workers" and "linchpins"
- Integration of (intelligent) automation as a labor supplement
- 100% of health system CFOs are addressing their cost position





Thank You

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